AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1.-17. (Canceled).
- 19. (Previously Presented) The combination of claim 44, wherein said masking dye is present in said solution at an amount sufficient to reduce non-specific background light from said solution by at least 30% compared to the non-specific background light emitted from said solution in the absence of said masking dye.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The combination of claim 44, wherein said masking dye is present in said solution at an amount sufficient to reduce non-specific background light from said solution by at least 50% compared to the non-specific background light emitted from said solution in the absence of said masking dye.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The combination of claim 44, wherein said masking dye is present in said solution at an amount sufficient to reduce non-specific background light from said solution by at least 70% compared to the non-specific background light emitted from said solution in the absence of said masking dye.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The combination of claim 44, wherein said fluorescent dye detects a voltage across the membrane of said biological cell.

- 23. (Previously Presented) The combination of claim 44, wherein said masking dye comprises Brilliant Black (tetrasodium 4-acetamido-5-hydroxy-6-[7-sulfonato-4-(4-sulfonatophenylazo)-1-naphthylazo] naphthalene-1,7-disulfonate).
- 24. (Previously Presented) The combination of claim 44, wherein said masking dye improves the optical signal-to-noise-ratio by at least 300% compared to the optical signal-to-noise-ratio of said biomedical assay in the absence of said masking dye.

25.-43. (Canceled)

- 44. (Previously Presented) A combination for performing a biomedical assay, comprising:
 - a) a fluorescent dye,
 wherein said fluorescent dye is permeant to the membrane of a biological cell; and
 - b) a masking dye,

wherein said masking dye is substantially impermeant to the membrane of said biological cell, wherein said masking dye has an absorption spectrum that overlaps with the emission and/or excitation spectrum of said fluorescent dye,

wherein said masking dye does not specifically bind to said membrane of said biological cell, and

wherein said masking dye is present in a solution at an amount sufficient to reduce nonspecific background light emitted from said solution by at least 10% compared to the non-specific background light emitted from said solution in the absence of said masking dye.